



How were the Egyptians different to the Romans?

Key Knowledge and Concepts

Word	Definition
predict	Say or guess
significant	Great or important
hieroglyphs	An Ancient Egyptian
afterlife	Life after death
mummified	Preserve a body by
preserve	Keep something in its

Most historians agree that Egypt became a united country around 3100BCE.

The River Nile



The River Nile is the longest river in the world. It is over 6800km long!

It was significant to Egyptian power as the floods ensured reliable soil to grow crops. Many Egyptians were farmers and some would be craftsmen



Inequality

The rich had grand homes often built around a pool of water. Ordinary people's houses were made from dried mud and painted white.

Egyptians believed that you needed your body after death so they mummified it. This was a long and expensive process, taking around 70 days to complete. Ordinary people would be buried in a desert wrapped in a reed blanket and covered in stones.



Rich and powerful Egyptians were buried in pyramids. A pharaoh (a ruler of Egypt) would plan and build his pyramid as soon as they became the ruler. Pyramids were designed to protect the body of the pharaoh after his death.



Hieroglyphs were pictures that represented a sound.



At War

Experienced soldiers would fight on the front line. They used chariots to try to break through the enemy lines. They would often try to capture a town or city protected by strong walls. Pharaohs would hire professional soldiers from other countries to strengthen their armies.

During the New Kingdom, Egypt's armies were most feared.